

Variable Frequency network performance.

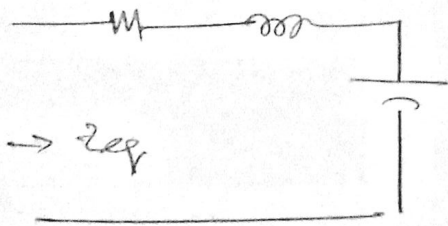
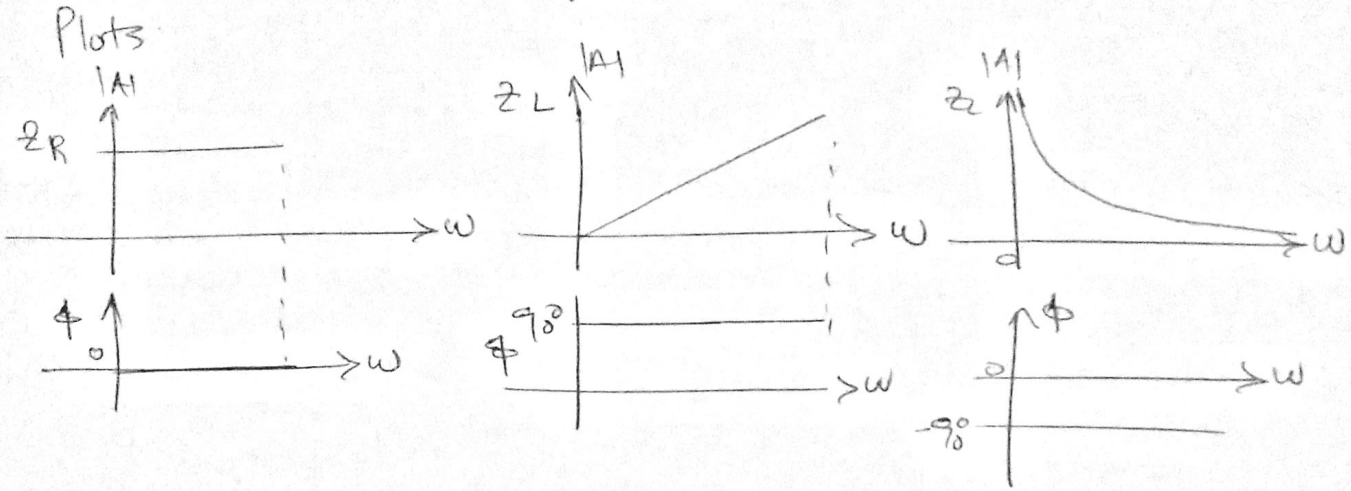
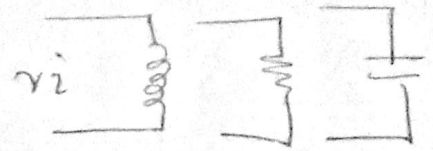
- Variable frequency response analysis.

(1)

$$Z_R = |R| \angle 0^\circ$$

$$Z_L = j\omega L = |L| \angle 90^\circ + \omega$$

$$Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C} = |C| \angle 90^\circ - \omega$$

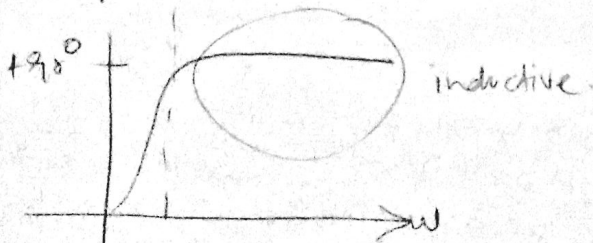
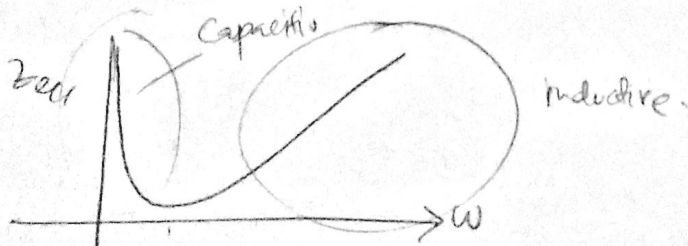


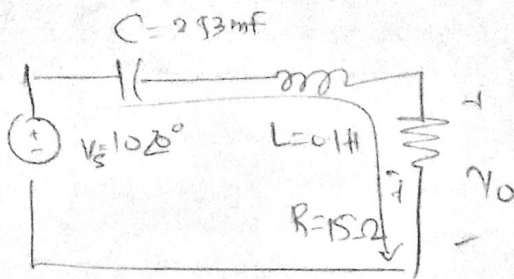
$$Z_{eq} = R + j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$$= \frac{j\omega RC + (j)^2 \omega^2 LC + 1}{j\omega C}$$

$$Z_{eq} = \frac{s^2 LC + sRC + 1}{sC} \quad \leftarrow \quad Z_{eq} = \frac{j\omega RC - \omega^2 LC + 1}{j\omega C}$$

$\omega = j = s$





12.59

$$V_{out} = I R_{out}$$

$$V_{in} = I (R + j\omega C + j\omega L)$$

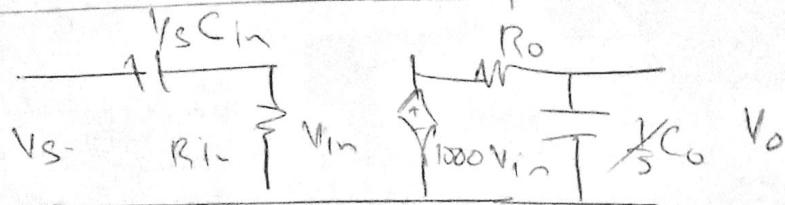
$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{I}{I} \left(\frac{R}{R + \frac{1}{j\omega C} + j\omega L} \right)$$

$$V_{out} = V_{in} \left(\frac{j\omega C R}{(j\omega)^2 L C + j\omega C R + 1} \right)$$

put values

$$V_{out} = \left(\frac{37.91 m. S}{s^2 (2.53 \times 10^{-4}) + s (37.95 \times 10^{-3}) + 1} \right) 10 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$h = \frac{as + 0}{bs^2 + cs + 1}$$



$$R_{in} = 1M \quad C_o = 3.18 \mu \quad R_o = 100 \quad C_o = 79.58 nF$$

Dependent source

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_o}{V_s} &= \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} \cdot \frac{V_{in}}{V_s} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{s C_o}}{\frac{1}{s C_o} + R_o} \cdot \left(\frac{V_{in}}{(R + \frac{1}{s C_{in}}) I} \right) = \frac{1 \cdot R_{in}}{R_{in} + \frac{1}{s C_{in}}} \cdot 1000 \left(\frac{V_s C_o}{R_o + \frac{1}{s C_o}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

EX 12.2 next.

Poles and zero



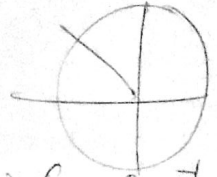
$$H(s) = \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} = \frac{a_n s^n + a_{n-1} s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 s + a_0}{b_m s^m + b_{m-1} s^{m-1} + \dots + b_1 s + b_0}$$

polynomial \rightarrow roots:

$$H(s) = \frac{K(s - z_1)(s - z_2)(s - z_3) \dots (s - z_n)}{(s - p_1)(s - p_2) \dots (s - p_m)}$$

makes equal to 0

makes equal to ∞



2.2 FR using bode plot

$$H(j\omega) = M(\omega) e^{j\phi(\omega)}$$

Contour (magnitude)

phase (bode)

What is semilog?

$$dB = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right) = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{V_2}{V_1} \right) \left| \frac{I_2}{I_1} \right|$$

Pole

-45° -20dB

0.1 10

Zero

+45° +20dB

0.1 - 10

